Brentry Primary School: <i>History</i>		
<b>Topic:</b> Roman Britain	Year: 3	Term: 2

### The Invasions

- 55 BC: Julius Caesar wanted to extend his Roman Empire so he attempted to invade Britain but the Celts fought back and the Romans returned to Gallia (modern day France).
- **54 BC**: Caesar tried to take over Britain again. This time he took bigger and stronger legions (parts of the army) and had more success.
- AD 43: A new Roman emperor, Claudius, was determined to make Britain part of his empire and started a successful invasion. Many Celts realised how powerful the Roman army was and agreed to obey Roman laws and pay taxes but other Celts continued to fight against the Romans.

### **Roman Religion**

Early in Roman times, the Roman people believed in many gods and goddesses whom they believed controlled different aspects of their lives, such as time, love and the seas.

### **Boudicca's Rebellion**

- AD 60: The Romans decided that the Iceni tribe needed to start paying taxes.
- Queen Boudicca, the ruler of the tribe, refused to let this happen and formed an army to fight the Romans.
- Thousands of people died in these battles but the Romans eventually won.

# What Effect Did the Roman Empire Have on Britain?



#### Hadrian's Wall

- AD 122: The Caledonian tribes (the name used in Roman times for Scotland) fought battles against the Romans, who had tried to take their land.
- The Romans wanted to separate their land from these people (called the Picts) so the Roman emperor, Hadrian, ordered a wall to be built to protect the Romans' land.
- The wall was 117km long with castles, guarded turrets, major forts, barracks, bathhouses and even hospitals.

### **Roman Remains**

- The Romans built elaborately designed Roman baths where people where people would go to relax and socialise.
- The Romans were famous for building long, straight roads to transport legions, supplies, trading goods and messages from the emperor.
- You can still see some Roman baths and roads in Britain today.

## A timeline of Britain from the Stone Age to the Vikings

Stone Age 2.5 million years 2500 BC - 800 ago - 2500 BC

**Bronze Age** 

Iron Age 800 BC - AD 43

Roman Britain AD 43 - AD 410

Anglo Saxons AD 410 - 1066

Vikings AD 700 - 1066











